Substantial Amendment to the 2020 Annual Action Plan for CDBG-CV CDBG-CV Program Description

(Amended November 2022)

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Substantial Amendment to the 2020 CDBG Program Description for The CARES Act for CDBG-CV

(Amended November 2022)

Overview

This November 2022 Substantial Amendment to the 2020 Annual Action Plan (2020 AAP) for the CARES Act for CDBG-CV modifies the CDBG-CV Method of Distribution to decrease funding for the Short Term Housing Assistance Program, or SC Stay, to the amount disbursed and reallocate \$13 million in CDBG-CV funding to a new Direct Public Services program. The State will continue to utilize CARES Act flexibilities, including the ability of states to carry out activities directly. States may carry out CDBG-CV activities directly, provided that the state sets aside the required amount (equal to the amount of the first-round allocation or \$12,456,807) for eligible local governments in non-Entitlement areas of the state. The State has met this requirement as described below.

In addition to providing that the State may distribute funding directly, through another state agency, subrecipients, or procurement, the CARES Act flexibilities also allow the second and third round allocations to be used in both Entitlement and non-Entitlement areas of the state. Subrecipients awarded funds under the CDBG-CV Direct Public Services Program may provide assistance in all areas of the state, including entitlement areas.

The SC Department of Commerce, as the lead agency for the Consolidated Plan and the administering agency for CDBG, will administer the Direct Public Services Program with assistance from its CDBG-CV1 contractor. All pertinent regulations and waivers that applied to SC Stay also apply to the Direct Public Services Program.

Method of Distribution

Original Method of Distribution

The State's original method of distribution for CDBG-CV included the Public Services and Public Facilities Programs, available to non-entitlement local governments in the state and funded out of the first allocation or CV1, and the CDBG-CV Short-Term Housing Assistance Program, or SC Stay, administered directly by the state and funded out of the second and third allocations or CV2 and CV3.

- Funding for the Public Services and Public Facilities Programs is \$11,584,833. \$3 million was
 allocated to the Public Facilities Program and the balance to Public Services. However, per
 the original Method of Distribution, unobligated Public Facilities were to be reallocated to
 Public Services.
 - O Note that the original CV Action Plan included State Administration and Technical Assistance funds, equal to \$871,974 or the prorata amount for the CV1 allocation. The Action Plan was subsequently amended to establish a set-aside for non-entitlement local governments within the SC Stay Program, to be at a minimum equal to the amount of prorata State Administration and Technical Assistance on CV1, or \$871,974. This ensured that the CV1 grants to local governments, plus the CV2 and CV3 set-aside for non-entitlement local governments, would at a minimum result in total funds reserved for non-entitlement local governments equal to the CV1 allocation.
 - Public Services & Facilities funds are close to 100% committed as of November 2022, and awarded projects are moving into the implementation phase. Additional funds

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may be awarded to grant recipients for existing projects, where costs have increased since original award. These funds will be transferred from the new Direct Public Services program.

- Funding for the Short-Term Housing Assistance Program, or SC Stay, was initially established at \$15,090,002 for rental and \$10,060,000 for mortgage assistance. Of the total, \$1 million was reserved for the non-entitlement local county governments that requested that the State undertake short-term housing assistance activities on their behalf, through the SC Stay Program, to benefit eligible LMI households in their counties.
 - Other resources became available after the Short-Term Housing Program funding was established and reduced the need for CDBG-CV for this purpose. Instead of \$15 million for rental, actual funding was just under \$9 million (\$8,959,985.25). Instead of \$10.1 million for mortgage assistance, actual funding was \$3.4 million (\$3,388,287.38). The non-entitlement local government set-aside was 871,974. Total actual funding was \$13,220,246.66.

Amended Method of Distribution

As noted above, subsequent to launching SC Stay, the State received significant other funding from the US Treasury that was also designated for short-term housing assistance. As a result, the State received fewer applications for SC Stay than anticipated, leaving just under \$13 million unobligated.

With this November 2022 Substantial Amendment to the 2020 AAP, the State is therefore:

- Reducing funding for the SC Stay Short-Term Program to the amount expended, or \$13,220,246.66 and
- Reprogramming the balance of SC Stay funding of \$11,929,755.34 for the new CDBG-CV Direct Public Services Program.
- Overall funding for State administration and TA funding will remain equal to the amount allowable under the CDBG-CV program.

The State will distribute Direct Public Services funding directly to subrecipients proposing eligible public services required to prepare for, respond to or prevent the coronavirus, where such assistance does not result in any duplication of benefit.

Subrecipients will be selected based on success, breadth of existing comparable operations, financial and administrative expertise, and demonstrated capacity and experience to undertake statewide or regional (multi-county) CDBG-CV public services. Priority will be given to subrecipients that will use the funding for eligible CDBG-CV public services activities that address persistent issues, such as food security, plaguing low to moderate income individuals and households as result of the COVID-19 pandemic. All funded subrecipients must undertake activities needed to prepare for, respond to or prevent the coronavirus and funding must not represent a duplication of benefits.

Revised CDBG-CV Program funding as of November 2022 is shown on the following page.

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SC CDBG-CV Program Funding As of November 2022

CDBG-CV Program	Public Services & Facilities	Short-Term Housing Assistance	Direct Public Services
<u>Direct Public Services</u>		-	<u>\$11,929,756</u>
<u>Public Services</u>	<u>\$9,578,918</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<u>Public Facilities</u>	<u>\$2,005,915</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Short-Term Housing (SC Stay) Non-Entitlement Local Government Set-aside	-	<u>\$871,974</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Short-Term Housing Assistance (SC Stay) Rental Assistance	-	<u>\$8.959,985</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Short-Term Housing Assistance (SC Stay) Mortgage Assistance	-	<u>\$3,388,287</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$11,584,833</u>	<u>\$13,220,246</u>	<u>\$11,929,756</u>
Total Program Funding		<u>\$36,734,835</u>	
State Administration*		<u>\$1,974,988</u>	
<u>Technical Assistance</u> *		<u>\$789,996</u>	
Total CDBG-CV Funding		<u>\$39,499,819</u>	

Non-Entitlement Local Government Set-Aside

The total reserved or set-aside for non-Entitlement local governments is \$12,456,807 or the amount of the CV1 allocation, as follows:

Public Services and Public Facilities Programs	\$11,584,833
SC Stay Short Term Housing Assistance Program Non-	\$871,974
Entitlement Local Government Set-aside	
Total Reserved and Set-aside for Non-Entitlement Local	\$12,456,807
Governments	

State Administration and Technical Assistance

The CARES Act and CDBG-CV regulations allow for state program administration equal to 5% of the total CDBG-CV allocation and technical assistance equal to 2% of the total CDBG-CV allocation. Total funds expended **for all CDBG-CV programs**, including the CDBG-CV Public Services and Facilities Programs, the SC Stay Short-Term Housing Assistance Programs, and the new Direct Public Services Program, will not exceed the maximum earmarked or 5% state administration and 2% technical assistance.

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CDBG-CV CARES Act Funding & Provisions

Under the three rounds of CDBG-CV CARES Act funding, South Carolina's State CDBG program was allocated \$39,499,819, as follows:

Tranche	Amount	Use
CV1	\$12,456,807	Public Services & Public Facilities Programs Non-Entitlement Local Government Set-Aside under SC Stay
CV2 CV3	\$14,859,490 \$12,183,522	SC Stay Direct Housing Assistance Direct Public Services State Administration & Technical Assistance
Total CV	\$39,499,819	

The Federal Register Notice for CDBG-CV provided multiple waivers and flexibilities, including the ability of states to carry out activities directly, provided that the amount of the first-round allocation, or \$12,456,807, be reserved or set-aside for eligible local governments in non-Entitlement areas of the state. The second-round allocation may be used in both Entitlement and non-Entitlement areas of the state and may be distributed by the State directly.

CARES Act provided other flexibilities, including suspension of the public services cap during the emergency and allowing States and local governments to reimburse costs of eligible activities incurred for pandemic response regardless of the date. The HUD Federal Register Notice for CDBG-CV added additional flexibilities, including 1) allowing the state to use up to 5% of the CDBG-CV allocation for general program administration and up to 2% for technical assistance, 2) allowing states to carry out activities directly, and 3) providing alternative requirements for meeting the LMI jobs national objective.

While many of the same rules that apply to regular CDBG program funds also apply to CDBG-CV funds, the funds must be kept separate. To distinguish the two programs, the CARES Act funding is referred to as CDBG-CV and is considered a supplemental appropriation. CDBG-CV funds will have separate reporting requirements and expenditures will be tracked separately from the regular CDBG program. Also, a key consideration is that activities must not result in duplication of assistance, where cumulative assistance from all sources exceeds the amount of the need, and projects must be needed to **prepare for, respond to and prevent coronavirus**.

Citizen Participation

To facilitate expedited distribution of CARES Act funding to individuals impacted by the coronavirus pandemic, the CARES Act included provisions for Citizen Participation. Due to the urgent nature of the coronavirus pandemic, the CARES Act provided for a shorter 5-day period of public comment for CDBG-CV and HOPWA-CV, a virtual public hearing for CDBG-CV, and notification for ESG-CV. HUD made available waivers of the standard requirements, which could be requested by the State agencies that will administer ESG-CV, HOPWA-CV and CDBG-CV funds. These waivers modify the standard

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citizen participation requirements for a substantial amendment to a Consolidated Plan or Action Plan, which typically require making the draft amendment available for 30 days for the public to review and comment. A second waiver allows a virtual public hearing for CDBG-CV.

The State requested both waivers from HUD, and the CARES Act process for Citizen Participation (State CP Plan) has been and is being followed for all amendments to the 2020 Annual Action Plan for the CARES Act (2020 AAP).

- The State's substantially amended State CP Plan was made available during a 5-day public comment period from May 19 to May 23, 2020. The draft State CP Plan was available during the period on www.cdbgSC.com.
- The May 2020 Substantial Amendment to the 2020 AAP for ESG-CV1 and HOPWA-CV was made available in conjunction with the draft State CP Plan and was also posted on www.cdbgSC.com and available for public comment from May 19 to May 23, 2020.
- The September 2020 Amendment to the 2020 AAP for ESG-CV2 was made available from September 16 through September 20, 2020 and was posted on the www.cdbgSC.com website.
- The November 2020 Amendment to the 2020 AAP for CDBG-CV was made available from November 12 to November 18, 2020, with a virtual public hearing held on November 16, 2020.
- The April 2021 Amendment to the 2020 AAP for CDBG-CV, to modify the method of distribution to include a non-entitlement local government set-aside within the SC Stay Short Term Housing Program, was available for public review from April 13 to April 18, 2021.
- Each program involved in each amendment also notified program constituents and interested parties electronically regarding the availability of the draft plan and the website from which it could be downloaded. The State notified program constituents regarding the amended Citizen Participation Plan.

The current November 2022 substantial amendment is being made available for public comment and review for fourteen days, from November 7 through November 13, 2022. The draft Substantial Amendment can be downloaded from the www.cdbgSC.com website.

These substantial amendments to the Action Plan have been and are in accordance with the substantially amended State Citizen Participation Plan, which incorporates the flexibility provided in the CARES Act reducing the public comment period to not less than 5 days and allowing grantees to use virtual public hearings when necessary for public health reasons. The original substantial amendment for the CARES Act required a public hearing, but subsequent changes to the 2020 Action Plan for the CARES Act fall under the public health substantial amendment provisions of the State's Citizen Participation Plan and does not require a public hearing.

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CDBG-CV Direct Public Services Program

Program Overview

To respond to the continuing needs of localities across the state in the wake of the COVID-19 pandemic, South Carolina is amending the 2020 Annual Action Plan and CDBG-CV Program Description to distribute funding directly to subrecipients involved in helping to address persistent needs through new or quantifiably increased public service activities. Eligible and approved subrecipients may undertake these new or expanded services once approved, or may be approved for reimbursement of prior eligible expenditures. Preference will be given to established and experienced nonprofits with statewide or regional programs focused on food banks, food distribution programs or other food aid related activities specifically needed to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic and the increased need for food aid that has resulted from the pandemic. These funds must be spent in either non-Entitlement areas or serve at least a total of 51% LMI individuals in Entitlement communities.

Food insecurity has risen drastically across South Carolina due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the resulting negative economic impact to households across the State. The need for food aid and reliance on food bank services have increased dramatically since March 2020, ranging from increases between 11% to nearly 50% in terms of total meals delivered, compared to 2019. Due to increasing costs of food due to inflationary pressures, supply chain shortages, and increased transportation costs, it is clear that the obstacles to combatting food insecurity caused by the pandemic have increased, not decreased, since March 2020.

A primary objective of this new Direct Public Services Program will therefore be to increase food security and provision of food aid to households in-need statewide, as well as to assist providers of services, such as food banks, statewide that have been addressing this need statewide or at least regionally, through existing programs where provision of services quantifiably increased since March 2020. Where additional funds exist, other eligible public services addressing a similarly high level, persistent need arising from the pandemic will also be considered.

For food security, the program will target areas in-need across South Carolina – both LMI majority areas and through programs in Entitlement communities that serve LMI-majority clientele. Ideally, the scope of this program will be the provision of services statewide. The program will provide an additional resource for LMI individuals that would otherwise be spending a significant portion of their household income on food.

Method of Distribution

The State will distribute Direct Public Services funding directly to subrecipients proposing eligible public services required to prepare for, respond to or prevent the coronavirus, where such assistance does not result in any duplication of benefit and the services are new or a quantifiable expansion of prior service levels. Need must be tied directly to the COVID-19 pandemic.

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Subrecipients will be selected based on success, breadth of existing comparable operations, financial and administrative expertise, and demonstrated capacity and experience to undertake statewide or regional (multi-county) CDBG-CV public services. Priority will be given to subrecipients that will use the funding for eligible CDBG-CV public services activities that address persistent issues, such as food security, plaguing low to moderate income individuals and households as result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

All funded subrecipients must undertake activities needed to prepare for, respond to or prevent the coronavirus and funding must not represent a duplication of benefits.

Funds will be made available for initiatives in the State's non-entitlement areas and to LMI beneficiaries in entitlement areas through the "Direct Allocation" framework listed in HUD's State CDBG-CV Implementation Quick Guide. The below justification is used to justify award to nonprofits in Entitlement areas:

"States may use CDBG-CV funds to directly carry out activities in all areas of the state, including activities in entitlement areas, without contribution from the entitlement jurisdiction. [...] A state may carry out activities directly through its employees, through procurement contracts, or through assistance provided under agreements with subrecipients."

The State will implement this program through a contractor, which will coordinate the application and award process, provide technical assistance as needed, and implement and monitor project implementation and closeout. All pertinent materials will be posted on the cdbgSC.com website, including the full application and any program guidance and documents, as they become available.

State administrative funds will be used by the State for program management and to implement the program as described in this plan. Administrative funds will also be used to monitor and report on program activities to ensure timely distribution and compliance with program requirements. Management practices will ensure appropriate accountability in the expenditure of funds to avoid fraud, waste or mismanagement in the administration of these funds.

Eligible Activities

To respond to the COVID-19 pandemic, CDBG-CV Direct Public Services funding is primarily being made available for new or quantifiably increased public services that will address the increased need for food related assistance statewide and primarily benefit low and moderate income (LMI) individuals. These activities must be newly needed to prepare for, respond to or prevent the coronavirus, where these activities do not represent a duplication of benefits. Eligible, new or quantifiably increased food related public services may also be eligible for funding if they were new or expanded initially during the eligible "lookback period," which began with approval of the first substantial amendment to the State's 2020 Annual Action Plan for the CARES Act in November 2020. Such services are eligible to the extent that: all the activities were eligible for CDBG-CV, income or other documentation exists for all beneficiaries or recipients of services to document that the activity served at least 51% LMI or LMC and documentation meets HUD requirements, non-duplication of benefits can be documented, and compliance with all other CDBG-CV requirements can be documented.

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Eligible activities may include, but are not limited to:

- Distribution of food or meals to assist households that are food insecure as a result of the pandemic;
- Home delivered meals for seniors quarantining as a result of the pandemic;
- Transportation costs associated with providing food aid to LMI or presumed LMI beneficiaries;
- Purchase of equipment/supportive services related to food distribution needed to serve primarily LMI or presumed-LMI beneficiaries, such as outfitting community centers with freezers or coolers to provide food, vehicles to deliver food, or "food backpack programs" for school-age children;
- Above activities for which costs were incurred during the "lookback period" and **for which eligibility can be documented** for:
 - the public services activity itself new or quantifiably expanded as of date costs were incurred
 - \circ $\,$ the need for the public service arising from COVID needed to prepare for, prevent or respond to COVID
 - o national objective people assisted can be documented as LMI or LMC
 - o no duplication of benefits receipt of funding for these previously incurred activities does not represent a duplication of benefits.

While priority will be given to eligible public services activities related to food insecurity, projects addressing other persistent needs stemming from the coronavirus will also be eligible for funding, provided they are: 1) eligible for CDBG-CV assistance, 2) needed to prepare for, respond to or prevent coronavirus, 3) meet a national objective and 4) do not represent a duplication of benefits.

Eligible Subrecipients & Criteria for Selection

Eligible subrecipients for the CDBG-CV Direct Public Services Program will be food bank and other types of established service providers that have demonstrated capacity to serve large portions of the State, existing statewide or regional (multiple counties at a minimum) operations successfully providing comparable services, proven administrative and financial management capacity to handle large-scale distribution or other services programs and ensure compliance with program requirements, and specific expertise serving low to moderate income populations with the proposed activity or activities. With respect to food distribution, an eligible subrecipient will be able to distribute food aid statewide or across multiple counties where identified needs are greatest. Currently, the State has identified four food bank entities that meet these criteria and whose combined service areas encompass the entire state of South Carolina. These include Golden Harvest Food Bank, Harvest Hope Food Bank, Lowcountry Food Bank, and Second Harvest Food Bank (Metrolina). These entities are encouraged to submit their qualifications.

To be eligible, subrecipients must be directly providing eligible services, as described above. Entities that serve a multicounty region or larger area, but which contract with other providers to deliver food-related and other services, such as food pantries, food banks or food delivery, are not eligible. The intent of this program is to directly fund established, experienced, direct providers of services,

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in order to maximize efficiency and impact on needs throughout the Stats following the COVID-19 pandemic.

Providers who meet all of the qualifications above may submit qualifications, provided they intend to propose eligible food assistance activities that meet all of the criteria described above under Eligible Activities. Instructions and forms will be posted on the cdbgSC.com website as they are available.

Subrecipients qualifications will be evaluated on the following criteria:

- **Service Area-** subrecipient has a statewide or regional (multiple counties) service area(s).
- **Existing Operations** subrecipient currently provides comparable services as those being proposed for CDBG-CV funding.
- **Direct Delivery of Services** subrecipient is directly providing the services proposed for CDBG-CV funding. Entities that serve multi-county or statewide regions will not be eligible if they contract with other entities to deliver eligible services.
- **Financial and Operational Capacity** subrecipient has proven administrative and financial management capacity to handle large-scale food distribution or other public services programs.
- **Beneficiary Demographics** subrecipient serves LMI (low to moderate income) populations, populations that meet LMC presumed LMI criteria (disabled, elderly, etc.), or populations where at least 51% can be documented as LMI based on income, household size and county of residence.
- **Duplication of Benefits** subrecipient can ensure no duplication of benefits, or can document that benefits were not duplicated for prior costs incurred during the "lookback period."

Selected subrecipients will be notified and eligible to submit project proposals that include:

- Subrecipient qualifications and experience
- Description of existing comparable operations, including scale, outcomes, services delivered, number of people served in the past several years, etc.
- Personnel financial and administrative personnel who will be responsible for overseeing and carrying out the project activities
- Project scope and description of all project activities, including:
 - o how each activity address needs stemming from the COVID-19 pandemic and how the activities are needed to prepare for, respond to or prevent the coronavirus
 - o how each activity qualifies as a new or quantifiably expanded service
- Proposed funding and budget for all project activities, including proposed costs and other funds
- Geographic area(s) to be served
- National objective to be met and how the subrecipient will document the income and other characteristics of people served
- How the subrecipient will ensure no duplication of benefits, including the policy itself and how it will be implemented
- Proposed outcomes and timeframe for achieving them.

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For projects involving eligible costs incurred during the "lookback period", the proposal must also describe:

- Documentation collected that can document the activity eligibility as a new or expanded pubic service as of the start of the "lookback period"
- Documentation that a national objective was met
- Documentation that the service provided did not constitute a duplication of benefits
- Documentation of compliance with all other applicable CDBG-CV, CDBG and other HUD requirements

Note that project proposals will be accepted only from selected subrecipients, and only those proposing eligible activities involving new or quantifiably expanded public services needed to respond to, prepare for or prevent coronavirus, do not duplicate benefits and meet a national objective will be considered fundable and scored.

Scoring criteria will include:

- o Type of service all food distribution services will receive priority for funding
- Direct provision of services (applicant will provide services directly and project does not involve contractors or subrecipients in service delivery) and service area
- Need for the project activities to prepare for, respond to or prevent coronavirus, or relation of project to the coronavirus pandemic,
- o Subrecipient capacity, qualifications and experience in delivering comparable services.
- Sufficient demonstration of need for increased funding,
- Total food bank/distribution program or other public services operating costs and financial need,
- Number of projected beneficiaries and systems in place to document national objective, and
- o Readiness to proceed with each project.

Threshold Factors & Maximum Funding Levels

There are no threshold factors and there is no maximum funding level for regional (multi-county) or statewide service area projects. Each subrecipient's proposal will be evaluated as described above and awards will be distributed based on need and availability of funding. Priority will be given to food assistance projects.

Outcomes

Each funded subrecipient will be responsible for ensuring that project outcomes are met and that at least 51% of all people served are LMI or presumed LMI under the LMI Limited Clientele national objective. Other outcomes must be met as well, consistent with the outcomes described in the project proposal.

South Carolina Community Development Block Grant Program

Substantial Amendment to the 2020 CDBG Program Description for The CARES Act for CDBG-CV

(Amended April 2021)

CDBG-CV Public Services & Facilities Program

CDBG-CV1 Method of Distribution

CDBG-CV1 funds of approximately \$12.5 million were allocated to the CDBG-CV Public Services and Facilities Program. Funds were available to eligible non-Entitlement local governments for new or quantifiably increased public services, public facilities improvements, and short-term housing assistance activities that the State would carry out on a non-Entitlement county government's behalf, to benefit its residents, where such activities were needed to respond to the COVID 19 pandemic in the State's non-entitlement areas. The State is implementing this program primarily through a contractor, which coordinated the application and award process, is providing technical assistance as needed and managing project implementation, and will monitor projects and manage closeout.

For those non-Entitlement local county governments that requested that the State carry out short-term housing assistance activities on its behalf, the State carried those activities out through agreement with the SC State Housing Authority (SC Housing) under the SC Stay Program.

Initial and current funding distribution for the Public Services Program, the Public Facilities Program and the non-Entitlement Local Government Set-aside under the SC Stay short-term housing assistance program is shown below. In the original amendment to the 2020 AAP for the CARES Act, the State indicated it would adjust funding levels based on need, after the original competitive award deadline. Public facilities project requests were less than anticipated and the unobligated balance was transferred to Public Services. Currently nearly all CV1 funds have been awarded. However, funding may be transferred from the Direct Public Services Program as needed, to increase existing CV1 grant awards where necessary because costs have increased due to pandemic and post-pandemic economic conditions.

Program	Original Funding	Current Funding
Community Services	\$8,584,833	\$9,578,918
Public Facilities	\$3,000,000	\$2,005,915
Non-Entitlement Local Government Set-aside	\$871,974	\$871,974
Under SC Stay		
Total CDBG-CV1 Funding	\$12,456,807	\$12,456,807

Public Facilities funding was competitive, based on need, and priority was given to applications involving schools that need to be refitted or rehabilitated to adapt to emerging community and public health needs related to the coronavirus. Priority was also be given to school districts with at least 75% of students receiving SNAP or TANF or in families meeting the federal guidelines for poverty.

Community Services funding was initially available regionally, to local government applicants within the ten Regional Council of Government areas in the state. The CDBG-CV amount allocated to each region was based on the number of non-entitlement counties in the region, as shown below. However, actual funding depended on requests for funding from each region. Not all regions requested the full amount, leaving a balance that became available to any non-entitlement local government in the state. Current funding is shown below:

South Carolina Community Development Block Grant Program

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CDBG-CV Public Services & Facilities Program

Region	# Counties	# Non- Entitlement Counties	Original Regional CDBG- CV Public Services Allocation **	Actual CDBG- CV Public Services Funding
Appalachian	6	4	\$858,483	\$265,170
BCD	3	2	\$429,242	\$429,242
Catawba	4	4	\$858,483	\$858,483
Central Midlands	4	2	\$429,242	\$428,800
Lowcountry	4	4	\$858,483	\$858,483
Lower Savannah	6	6	\$1,287,725	\$1,287,725
Pee Dee	6	6	\$1,287,725	\$837,750
Santee-Lynches	4	4	\$858,483	\$2,420,561
Upper Savannah	6	6	\$1,287,725	\$695,000
Waccamaw	3	2	\$429,242	\$1,493,711
Total		40	\$8,584,833	\$9,574,925

^{**} Original regional allocation was equal to CDBG-CV Public Services for grants (\$8,584,831), divided by 40 non-entitlement counties (\$214,621), and multiplied by the number of non-entitlement counties in the region.

CDBG-CV Public Services Program Description

Please see the April 2022 Amendment to the 2020 AAP and the original CDBG-CV Program documents.

CDBG-CV Public Facilities Program Description

Please see the April 2022 Amendment to the 2020 AAP and the original CDBG-CV Program documents.

South Carolina Community Development Block Grant Program

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CDBG-CV Short-Term Housing Assistance Program

CDBG-CV Short-Term Housing Assistance Program

Please see the April 2022 Amendment to the 2020 AAP and the original CDBG-CV Program documents.