

# SECTION 3 & DAVIS BACON



## Presenters

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# Agenda

#### Section 3 Final Rule

- Overview and Transition
- Key Definitions and Thresholds
- Safe Harbor
- Recordkeeping
- Q&A

#### **Davis Bacon Compliance**

- The Wage Decision
- Certified Payroll Reports
- Compliance Reviews
- Common Errors and Corrections
- Restitution for Underpayment of Wages
- Q&A



## SECTION 3 FINAL RULE





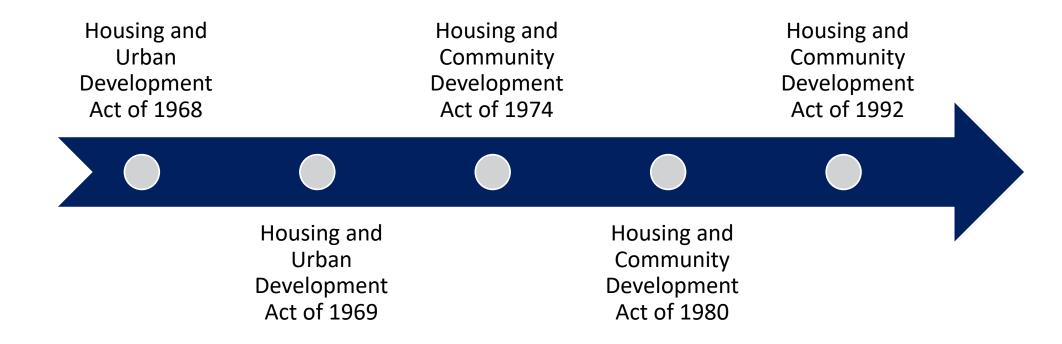
## OVERVIEW AND TRANSITION

# Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968

"To ensure that employment and other economic opportunities generated by Federal financial assistance for housing and community development programs are, to the greatest extent feasible, directed toward low- and very low-income persons, particularly those who are recipients of government assistance for housing."



# Evolution of Section 3



# Timeline of Final Rule

April 3, 2019 Published proposed rule

June 3, 2019 Comment period closed

September 2019 Completed review of comments and finalize rule

December 2019 Internal clearance

March-August 2020 OMB review

September 29, 2020 Published final rule

November 30, 2020 Effective Date

July 1, 2021 Compliance on new regulation began



### Final Rule Timeline

Legacy Projects

#### **Legacy Projects:**

 Contracts executed or projects for which assistance or funds were committed prior to November 30, 2020

#### **Requirement:**

- Adhere to the old rule (24 CFR Part 135)
- Expected to maintain records but will no longer be required to report Section 3 compliance to HUD in SPEARS.



### Final Rule Timeline

#### Transition Period

#### **Transition Period:**

 Projects for which assistance or funds are committed between November 30, 2020 and July 1, 2021

#### **Requirement:**

- Adhere to requirements of the new Final Rule (Part 75)
- Expected to maintain records but will not be required to report to HUD on the 24 CFR Part 75 requirements

#### Additional Clarification (CPD Notice 21-09):

 OBGA-Funded Projects: Report in IDIS or DRGR for open activities starting July 1, 2021.



# Section 3 Covered Programs

Community Development **HOME Investment** Block Grant (CDBG), **Public Housing** Housing Trust Fund (HTF) **Partnership** including –DR, -MIT, -RHP **Economic Development Housing Opportunities for** Neighborhood **Homeless Assistance** Initiative (EDI)/Brownfield **Stabilization Program** Persons with AIDS **Grants (Emergency Economic Development** Grants (HOPWA) **Solutions Grants**) Initiative (BEDI) Grants **Economic Stimulus Funds University Partnership Rental Assistance** (including CDBG-R and 202/811 Grants Demonstration (RAD) Grants CFP Supplemental)





## KEY DEFINITIONS AND THRESHOLDS



# Defining a Section 3 Project

#### Section 3 Project:

• Site or sites together with any building(s) and improvements located on the site(s) that are **under common ownership**, **management**, **and financing**.

#### Section 3 applies to:

• An entire Section 3 project, regardless of whether the project is fully or partially assisted under HUD programs that provide housing and community development financial assistance.

### Thresholds

### Housing and Community Development Financial Assistance

- Applicability: Housing Rehab, Housing Construction, Other Public Construction
- Threshold: Total HCD assistance for the project exceeds \$200,000

### Lead Hazard Control and Healthy Homes

 Threshold: Office of Lead Hazard Control and Healthy Homes assistance for the project exceeds \$100,000



# Universe of Workers





# Defining a Section 3 Worker

A Section 3 Worker is any worker who currently fits, or when hired within the past five years\* fit, at least one of the following categories, as documented:



A low or very low-income worker

OR



• Employed by a Section 3 business concern

OR



• A Youthbuild participant



<sup>\*</sup>The past five years or after the Final Rule's effective date of November 30, 2020, whichever is later

# Defining a Targeted Section 3 Worker

#### **HCD Assistance – Subpart C**



A <u>Targeted</u> Section 3 Worker for Housing and Community Development Projects is:



• Employed by a Section 3 business concern

OR



- Currently fits or when hired within the past five years\* fit at least one of the following categories as documented:
  - Living within the service area or the neighborhood of the project, as defined in 24 CFR 75.5
  - A YouthBuild participant



<sup>\*</sup>The past five years or after the Final Rule's effective date of November 30, 2020, whichever is later

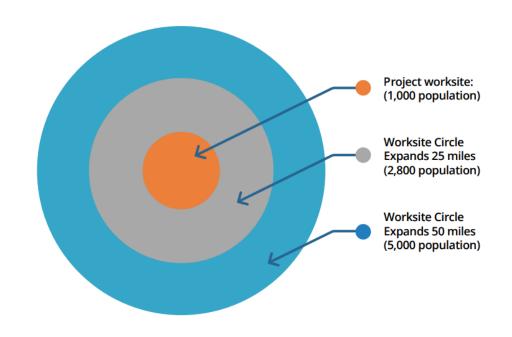
# Service Area or Neighborhood of the Project as Defined in 24 CFR 75.5

#### Service Area or Neighborhood of the Project is:

An area within one mile of the Section 3 project

OR

 If < 5,000 people live within one mile of Section 3 project, it is an area within a circle centered around the Section 3 project site that encompasses 5,000 people\*





<sup>\*</sup>According to the most recent U.S. Census

# Redefining Section 3 Business Concerns

#### A Section 3 Business Concern is:



• 51% or more owned and controlled by low or very low-income persons

OR



 Over 75% of the labor hours performed for the business over the prior three-month period were performed by Section 3 workers

OR



51% or more owned and controlled by current residents of public housing or Section 8-assisted housing

**HCD Assistance – Subpart C** 

## Labor Hours

Paid hours worked by all workers employed on a Section 3 Project





# Low-Income and Very Low-Income Limits

- Defined at Section 3(b)(2) of the Housing Act of 1937
- Determined annually by HUD
- Section 8 income limits are used to determine eligibility
- Limits are typically established at 80 percent and 50 percent of the area median <u>individual</u> income





# Checkpoint Question #1



Which of the following circumstances, by themselves, qualify a worker as a Targeted Section 3 Worker? (select all that apply)

- A. Employed by a Section 3 business concern
- B. Member of a very low-income household
- C. Section 3 Worker who currently or when hired (within the past five years\*) lives/lived within the service area or the neighborhood of the project
- D. Employed by a minority-owned business
- E. Currently or when hired (within the past five years\*) is/was a YouthBuild Participant



<sup>\*</sup>The past five years or after the Final Rule's effective date of November 30, 2020, whichever is later



# SAFE HARBOR

### Safe Harbor

A safe harbor is a provision of a statute or a regulation that specifies that certain conduct will be deemed not to violate a given rule.





# Safe Harbor Compliance Check

A recipient will have complied with safe harbor if it:

- Met or exceeded the Section 3 benchmarks
   AND
- Followed the required prioritization of effort

Absent evidence to the contrary



What if a recipient can't meet the quantitative benchmarks + prioritization of effort?



Provide evidence that they have made **qualitative** efforts to assist low and very low-income persons with employment and training opportunities.



# Benchmarks

**HCD Assistance – Subpart C** 

At least 25% of all labor hours on Section 3 Project worked by Section 3 Workers

At least 5% of all labor hours on Section 3
Project worked by Targeted Section 3 Workers

Section 3 labor hours = 25% AND Targeted Section 3 labor hours = 5% Total labor hours



# Updates to Safe Harbor Provisions & Benchmarks

- HUD will update the benchmarks through a document published in the FEDERAL REGISTER
- Benchmarks will be subject to public comment
- HUD will update not less than once every 3 years





## Professional Service Labor Hour

Non-construction services that require an advanced degree or professional licensing may be <u>excluded</u> from labor hour calculations under the Section 3 Final Rule.



#### **Bonus Opportunity:**

- Recipient may count any work performed by a professional services
   Section 3 worker or Targeted Section 3 worker as Section 3 labor hours
   and as Targeted Section 3 labor hours by adding to the numerator.
- Do not count the professional services as part of the total labor hours (i.e., in the denominator of the calculation).

# Certification of Prioritization of Effort

#### **Employment & Training**

"to the greatest extent feasible"

**HCD Assistance – Subpart C** 

Section 3 workers residing within the service area or neighborhood of the project

Participants in YouthBuild programs

Consistent with existing Federal, state, and local laws and regulations

# Certification of Prioritization of Effort

#### **Contracting**

"to the greatest extent feasible"

**HCD Assistance – Subpart C** 



Section 3 business concerns that provide economic opportunities to Section 3 workers residing within the service area or the neighborhood of the project

Participants in YouthBuild programs

Consistent with existing Federal, state, and local laws and regulations

# Qualitative Efforts

If a recipient can't meet the quantitative benchmarks and prioritization of effort, HUD requires additional reporting on the qualitative efforts to comply with the Section 3 Final Rule.

#### Examples include:

- Provide training or apprenticeship opportunities for Section 3 Workers
- Hold one or more job fairs
- Engage in outreach to identify and secure bids from Section 3 Business Concerns
- Promote use of business registries designed to create opportunities for disadvantaged and small businesses

A non-exhaustive list of qualitative efforts is provided in the Final Rule at 75.25(b)





# RECORDKEEPING

### Certification: Section 3 Worker

#### **One** of the following certifications must be maintained:

- 1. A worker's self-certification stating that their income is below the income limit from the prior calendar year;
- 2. A worker's self-certification of participation in a means-tested program such as public housing or Section 8-assisted housing;
- 3. Certification from a PHA, or the owner or property manager of Project-Based Section 8-assisted housing, or the administrator of Tenant-Based Section 8-assisted housing that the worker is a participant in one of their programs;
- 4. An employer's certification that the worker's income from that employer is below the income limit when based on an employer's calculation of what the worker's wage rate would translate to if annualized on a full-time basis; **OR**
- 5. An employer's certification that the worker is employed by a Section 3 business concern.



# Certification: Targeted Section 3 Worker

#### **HCD Assistance – Subpart C**

<u>One</u> of the following certifications must be maintained:

1. An employer's confirmation that a worker's residence is within one mile of the work site or, if fewer than 5,000 people live within one mile of a work site, within a circle centered on the work site that is sufficient to encompass a population of 5,000 people according to the most recent U.S. Census;

OR

2. An employer's certification that the worker is employed by a Section 3 business concern;

OR

3. A worker's self-certification that the worker is a YouthBuild participant.



## Certification: Section 3 Business Concern

- Business concerns may self-certify to claim eligibility
- Business concerns bidding on a Section 3 project should submit certification during the bidding or contracting process
- Section 3 status should be verified before awarding contracts or subcontracts to businesses that self-certified
- A Section 3 Business Concern will retain status for as long as it continues to meet the definition
- Eligible Section 3 Business Concerns are responsible for maintaining records that verify eligibility



### **Contract Provisions**

**HCD Assistance – Subpart C** 

- Must include language applying Section 3 requirements in any subrecipient agreement or contract for a Section 3 project.
- Must also require subrecipients, contractors, and subcontractors to meet the
  prioritization requirements of § 75.19, regardless of whether Section 3 language is
  included in recipient or subrecipient agreements, program regulatory agreements,
  or contracts

# Recordkeeping Requirements

- Provide HUD and Department of Commerce staff access to all records
- Maintain documentation
- Follow record retention requirements
- Observe 5-year retention period
  - Records on CDBG-assisted projects must be kept in accordance with CDBG record retention requirements

## Checkpoint Question #2



Clemson Industrial Park has been converted and it's time to close out the project in IDIS. Our final labor hour numbers are:

- 2,491 Total Labor Hours
- 714 Section 3 Labor Hours
- 152 Targeted Section 3 Labor Hours

Was the Clemson Industrial Park project in compliance with the Section 3 safe harbor benchmarks?

- a. Yes
- b. No

Section 3 Labor Hours		<u>714</u>
Total Labor Hours	=	2491
Section 3 Labor Hour Benchmark		28.66%

Section 3 Targeted Labor Hours		<u>152</u>
Total Labor Hours	=	2491
Section 3 Targeted Labor Hour		
Benchmark		6.10%





## RESOURCES

#### Resources

https://www.hud.gov/section3

https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/section-3/

Section 3 Points of Contact

https://www.hud.gov/sites/dfiles/FPM/documents/Sec3PointsContact.pdf

Searchable FAQs <a href="https://www.hudexchange.info/section-3/faqs/">https://www.hudexchange.info/section-3/faqs/</a>

eGuidebook (forthcoming)

Toolkit (forthcoming)

Recorded Training Series (forthcoming)





# QUESTIONS?



#### DAVIS BACON COMPLIANCE



# Davis Bacon and Related Acts

- Applies to contracts/subcontracts for construction, alteration or repair on federally funded or assisted contracts in excess of \$2,000
  - Exception: Residential projects involving residential rehab of fewer than 8 units that are under common ownership
- Contractors and subcontractors must pay laborers and mechanics employed under the contract no less than the Prevailing Wage, which is the combination of the basic hourly wage rate and any fringe benefits listed for a specific classification of workers in the applicable Davis-Bacon wage determination
- The Davis-Bacon Act directs the Department of Labor (DOL) to determine such locally prevailing wage rates





#### Davis Bacon Tools

- The Contract Administrator is responsible for the proper administration and enforcement of the Federal labor standards provisions on contracts covered by Davis-Bacon requirements.
- The Wage Decision, the WH-347 Form
   (Certified Payroll Form) and the Davis Bacon Interview Forms are important tools
   needed to carry out Davis Bacon
   requirements







#### THE WAGE DECISION

## The Wage Decision

Modification Number 0 1	01/01/2021 09/10/2021						
* IRON0848-001 07/01/20: 	21						
	Rates	Fringes					
IRONWORKER, STRUCTURAL.	\$ 26.60	16.30					
SUSC2011-048 11/02/203	11						
	Rates	Fringes					
CARPENTER, Includes For	m Work\$ 14.85	0.00					
LABORER: Common or Gene	eral\$ 9.00	1.92					
LABORER: Pipelayer	\$ 13.50	2.41					
OPERATOR: Backhoe/Excavator/Trackl	noe\$ 18.00	0.00					
OPERATOR: Grader/Blade	\$ 20.11	1.39					
OPERATOR: Loader	\$ 10.50	1.98					
TRUCK DRIVER	\$ 14.15	2.32					
WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.							
			=====				

- A Davis-Bacon Wage Decision lists work classifications and the minimum wage rates that must be paid to anyone performing work in those classifications
- Wage decisions can be found at <u>SAM.gov | Wage</u>
   <u>Determinations</u>

# Wage Determination – Construction Types

Modification Number
0
1

Publication Date 01/01/2021 09/10/2021

\* IRON0848-001 07/01/2021

Rates

Construction Type: Heavy

State: South Carolina

South Carolina.

IRONWORKER, STRUCTURAL.....\$ 26.60

OPERATOR: Grader/Blade.....\$ 20.11

OPERATOR: Loader.....\$ 10.50

TRUCK DRIVER.....\$ 14.15

SUSC2011-048 11/02/2011

HEAVY CONSTRUCTION PROJECT

1.39

1.98

2.32

"General Decision Number

Superseded General Decision Number: SC202000

Counties: Calhoun, Lexington, Richland and Saluda Counties in

		Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER	, Includes Form Work	\$ 14.85	0.00
LABORER:	Common or General	\$ 9.00	1.92
LABORER:	Pipelayer	\$ 13.50	2.41
OPERATOR: Backhoe/Ex	ccavator/Trackhoe	\$ 18.00	0.00

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

- Wage determinations are categorized by State and County, and by construction type:
  - Building Sheltered enclosures with walk-in access
  - Residential Single-family houses, townhouses, and apartment buildings of no more than four stories in height
  - Highway Roads, streets, highways, runways, parking areas and most other paving work not incidental to building, residential, or heavy construction
  - Heavy Projects not classified as Building, Residential, or Highway



## The Wage Decision

- Project Wage Determinations
  - Are issued by request of a contracting agency and is only needed when no General Wage
     Determination applies
  - Are applicable to the named project only
  - Typically expire 180 calendar days from the date of issuance
- Contact HUD Labor Relations field staff for any questions finding or reading a Wage Determination

# Checkpoint Question #3



For a project that includes repaving 7 residential streets, under which Construction Type would this project fall?

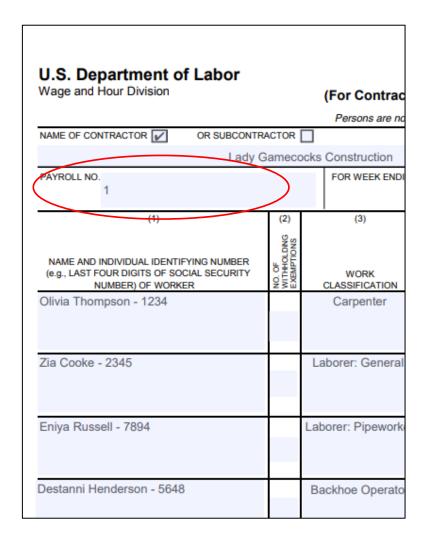
- A. Building
- B. Residential
- C. Highway
- D. Heavy



#### CERTIFIED PAYROLL REPORTS

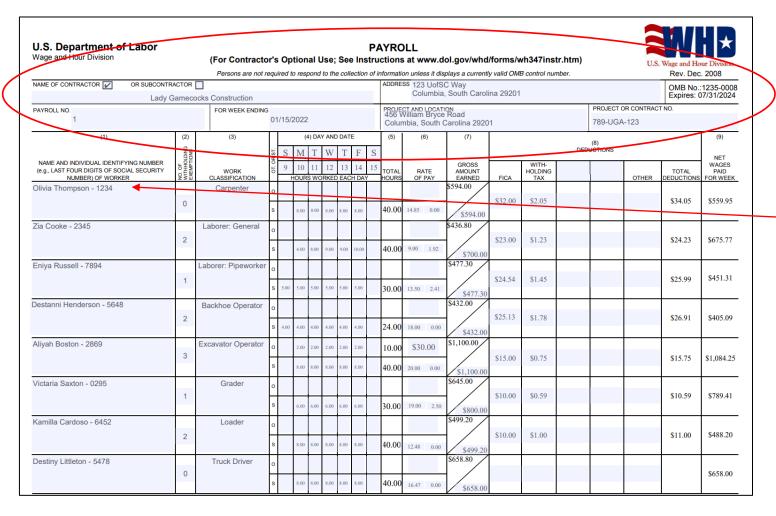
## Certified Payroll Reports

- Weekly Certified Payroll Reports (CPR) must be submitted beginning with the first week that work begins on a project and for every week afterward until work is completed
- It's a best practice to number the payroll reports beginning with #1 and to clearly mark your last payroll for the project "Final"
- "No work" payrolls may be submitted whenever there is a temporary break in work on the project
- DOL's website has Payroll Instructions and the Payroll form WH-347 in a "fillable" PDF format at this address: www.dol.gov/whd/forms/wh347.pdf





### Reviewing Payroll Reports



- Contractor/Contract Information includes basic information about contractor/subcontractor and the contract.
- Each worker's full name and an individual identifying number (e.g., last four digits of worker's social security number) should be listed in Column 1 on each weekly payroll submitted.

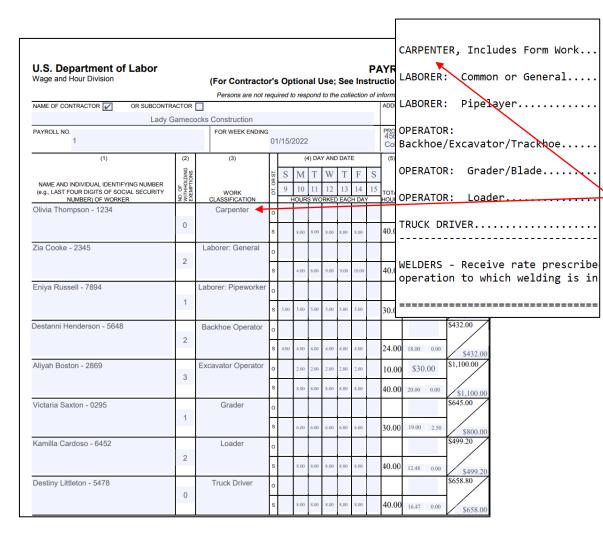


#### Payroll Reports – No. of Withholdings/Exemptions (Column 2)

(1)	(2)
NAME AND INDIVIDUAL IDENTIFYING NUMBER (e.g., LAST FOUR DIGITS OF SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER) OF WORKER	NO. OF WITHHOLDING
Olivia Thompson - 1234	
	0
Zia Cooke - 2345	
	2
Eniya Russell - 7894	
	1
Destanni Henderson - 5648	
	2
Aliyah Boston - 2869	
	3
Victaria Saxton - 0295	
	1
Kamilla Cardoso - 6452	
Namilia Gardoso - 0402	0
	2
Destiny Littleton - 5478	
	0

- Column 2 identifies the number of withholdings/exemptions that the employee files.
- This column is inserted for employers' convenience only, and is not a requirement of the DBA regulations

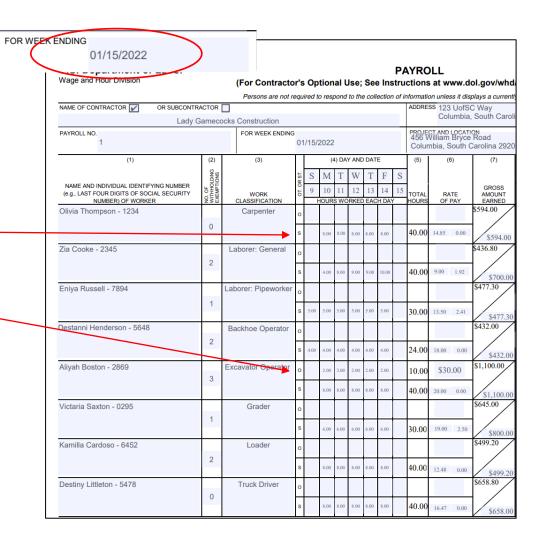
#### Payroll Reports – Work Classification (Column 3)



- Classification listed should be descriptive of work performed during reporting week
- Work classifications must be reflected on the wage determination form being used for the project
- A worker may be shown as having worked in more than one classification

#### Payroll Reports – Day and Date (Column 4)

- Days should reflect Sunday through Saturday and dates should correspond
- In this example, the payroll reflects Sunday January 9<sup>th</sup> through Saturday January 15<sup>th</sup>, 2022
- Straight time and overtime hours worked should be reported in the applicable boxes.
- Hours worked in excess of 40 hours a week should be reported as "overtime"
- Total Hours <u>auto-calculate</u> as hours worked each day is completed
- Total overtime hours are also auto-calculated as hours worked are completed



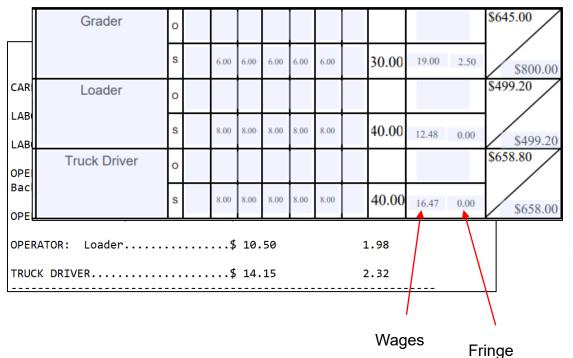


#### Payroll Reports – Rate of Pay (Column 6)

(3)		(4) DAY AND DATE						(5)	(6)	(7)	
	OR ST.	S	M	Т	W	T	F	S			
WORK	OT. OF	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	TOTAL	RATE	GROSS AMOUNT
CLASSIFICATION		ŀ	IOUR	s wc	RKED	EAC	H DAY	1	HOURS	OF PAY	EARNED
Carpenter	0										\$594.00
	s		8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00		40.00	14.85 0.00	\$594.00
Laborer: General	0										\$436.80
	S		4.00	8.00	9.00	9.00	10.00		40.00	9.00 1.92	\$700.00
Laborer: Pipeworker	0										\$477.30
	S	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00		30.00	13.50 2.41	\$477.30
Backhoe Operator	0										\$432.00
	S	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00		24.00	18.00 0.00	\$432.00
Excavator Operator	0		2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00		10.00	\$30.00	\$1,100.00
	S		8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00		40.00	20.00 0.00	\$1,100.00
Grader	0										\$645.00
	S		6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00		30.00	19.00 2.50	\$800.00
Loader	0										\$499.20
	S		8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00		40.00	12.48 0.00	\$499.20
Truck Driver	0										\$658.80
	S		8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00		40.00	16.47 0.00	\$658.00

- Workers Hourly Wage Rate (plus cash paid in lieu of fringe benefits)
- In this example, the general laborer is paid \$9 base hourly rate plus \$1.92 for fringe benefits (cash paid in lieu of fringe being paid to approved plans)

#### Payroll Reports – Rate of Pay (Column 6) cont'd



- The total of wage plus fringe paid must be equal to or greater than the total of the wage plus fringe indicated on the wage determination used for the project
- For example, the wage decision for a truck driver requires \$14.15/hour basic rate plus \$2.32/ hour fringe benefits. That total (\$16.47/hour) is the basic rate or basic rate plus fringe
- This obligation can be met a few different ways:
  - Pay the base wage and fringe benefits as stated in the wage decision
  - Pay \$16.47 in base wage with no fringe benefits
  - Pay \$14.15 basic plus \$2.32 fringe benefits
  - Pay more in fringe benefits, as long as the total amount paid equals at least the total pay + fringe from the wage decision



#### Payroll Reports – Fringe Benefits

1/17/2022

Date 1/1//2022			(b) WHERE FRINGE	BENEFITS ARE PAID IN	CASH		
D. Staley	Principal			ah lah asa asa asa ah asa a Pa	to distribute the second second second by the second secon		
(Name of Signatory Party)	(Title)		<ul> <li>Each laborer or mechanic listed in the above referenced payroll has been payroll, an amount not less than the sum of the applicab</li> </ul>				
do hereby state:				sic hourly wage rate plus to the contract, except as not	he amount of the required fringe benefits as listed ted in section 4(c) below.		
(1) That I pay or supervise the payment of the per			(c) EXCEPTIONS				
Lady Gamecocks C		on the	(c) EXCEL TIONS				
(Contractor or Subcor	ntractor)		EXCEPTION	N (CRAFT)	EXPLANATION		
Williams Bryce Stadium	; that during the payroll period commenci	ing on the					
(Building or Work)							
9 day of January , 2022 , and end	ding the 15 day of January ,	2022					
all persons employed on said project have been paid the been or will be made either directly or indirectly to or or		es have					
Lady Gamecocks Co	nstruction	rom the full					
(Contractor or Subco	ontractor)						
weekly wages earned by any person and that no dedu							
from the full wages earned by any person, other than p 3 (29 C.F.R. Subtitle A), issued by the Secretary of Lat 63 Stat. 108, 72 Stat. 967; 76 Stat. 357; 40 U.S.C. § 31	bor under the Copeland Act, as amended (4						
			REMARKS:				
(2) That any payrolls otherwise under this contrac correct and complete; that the wage rates for laborers applicable wage rates contained in any wage determina set forth therein for each laborer or mechanic conform	or mechanics contained therein are not less ation incorporated into the contract; that the	s than the					
(3) That any apprentices employed in the above per program registered with a State apprenticeship agency Training United States Department of Labor, or if no si with the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, United	recognized by the Bureau of Appr <del>enticeshing recognized agency exists in a State, are recognized agency exists in a State, are</del>	p and					
(4) That: (a) WHERE FRINGE BENEFITS ARE PAID	TO APPROVED DI ANS ELINDS OF PRO	CDAMS	NAME AND TITLE		SIGNATURE		
( )	TO AFFROYED FLANS, FUNDS, OR FROM	GIVAIVIG					
	vage rates paid to each laborer or mechani						
the above referenced payroll, phave been or will be made to app	payments of fringe benefits as listed in the propriate programs for the benefit of such er	e contract	THE WILLFUL FALSIFICATIO SUBCONTRACTOR TO CIVIL O TITLE 31 OF THE UNITED STA	OR CRIMINAL PROSECUTION. S	TEMENTS MAY SUBJECT THE CONTRACTOR OR EE SECTION 1001 OF TITLE 18 AND SECTION 3729 OF		
except as noted in section 4(c) b	Delow.						

- If fringe is paid to an approved plan/fund/program rather than paid as cash, then check the basic cash hourly rate and overtime rate (if applicable) on the payroll and ensure that box 4(a) is checked on the WH-347 form.
- If fringe is paid as cash, that amount should be reflected in column 6 and box 4(b) should be checked
- A wet signature is required on the back of the Certified Payroll Form



#### Payroll Reports – Gross Amount Earned (Column 7)

		(4	) DA	Y AND	DAT	E		(5)	(6)	(7)				(8)			(9)
OR ST.	S	M	T	W	T	F	S						DEDI	UCTIONS			NET
OT. 0	9 F	10	11 s wo	12 RKED	13 EAC	14 H DAY	15	TOTAL HOURS	RATE OF PAY	GROSS AMOUNT EARNED	FICA	WITH- HOLDING TAX			OTHER	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	WAGES PAID FOR WEEK
o										\$594.00							
s		8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00		40.00	14.85 0.00	\$594.00	\$32.00	\$2.05				\$34.05	\$559.95
o										\$436.80	\$23.00	\$1.23				\$24.23	\$675.77
s		4.00	8.00	9.00	9.00	10.00		40.00	9.00 1.92	\$700.00	\$25.00	ψ1.23				φ24.23	\$675.77
0										\$477.30	\$24.54	\$1.45	/			\$25.99	\$451.31
s	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00		30.00	13.50 2.41	\$477.30	\$24.54	\$1.43				\$23.99	<b>4.31.31</b>
o										\$432.00	\$25.13	\$1.78				\$26.91	\$405.09
s	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00		24.00	18.00 0.00	\$432.00	<b>420.11</b>	\$1.76				\$20.71	9405.07
o		2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00		10.00	\$30.00	\$1,100.00	\$15.00	¢0.75				¢15.75	£1.004.25
s		8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00		40.00	20.00 0.00	\$1,100.00	\$15.00	\$0.75				\$15.75	\$1,084.25
o										\$645.00	\$10.00	\$0.59				\$10.59	\$789.41
s		6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00		30.00	19.00 2.50	\$800.00	\$10.00	\$0.57				\$10.57	\$767.41
0										\$499.20	\$10.00	\$1.00				\$11.00	\$488.20
s		8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00		40.00	12.48 0.00	\$499.20	\$10.00	\$1.00				\$11.00	φ <del>1</del> 00.20
0										\$658.80					_		\$658.00
s		8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00		40.00	16.47 0.00	\$658.00							\$038.00

- The amount above the diagonal line auto-calculates and represents the amount of pay (wage plus fringe paid in cash) earned this reporting week on this project
- The amount below the diagonal line does not auto-calculate, and represents total pay for the worker on all projects worked for this reporting week

#### Payroll Reports – Deductions (Column 8)

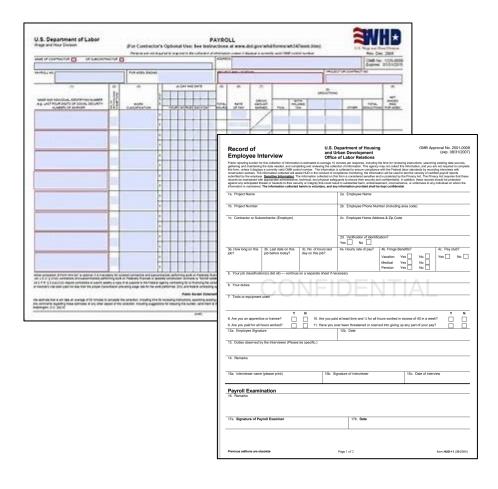
(7)		(8) DEDUCTIONS							
GROSS AMOUNT EARNED	FICA	WITH- HOLDING TAX			OTHER	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	NET WAGES PAID FOR WEEK		
\$594.00 \$594.00	\$32.00	\$2.05				\$34.05	\$559.95		
\$436.80 \$700.00	\$23.00	\$1.23				\$24.23	\$675.77		
\$477.30 \$477.30	\$24.54	\$1.45				\$25.99	\$451.31		
\$432.00 \$432.00	\$25.13	\$1.78				\$26.91	\$405.09		
\$1,100.00	\$15.00	\$0.75				\$15.75	\$1,084.25		
\$645.00	\$10.00	\$0.59				\$10.59	\$789.41		
\$499.20 \$499.20	\$10.00	\$1.00				\$11.00	\$488.20		
\$658.80 \$658.00							\$658.00		

- Standard employment deductions should be input into the deductions fields
- These deductions will automatically be subtracted from the "Net Wages Paid for Week" (Column 9)
- Other Deductions may include employee obligations for income taxes, SS payments, insurance premiums, retirement, savings accounts, and any other legally permissible deduction authorized by the employee
- Deductions may also be made for payments on judgments and other financial obligations legally imposed against the employee.



#### COMPLIANCE REVIEWS

## Compliance Reviews

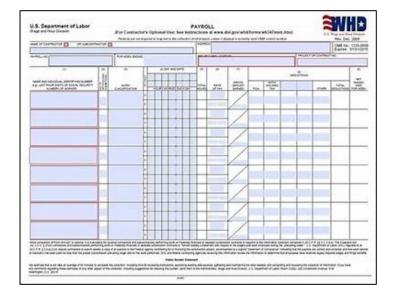


- The contract administrator regularly interview workers on site
- Employee interviews should be:
  - Sufficient in number to establish the degree of accuracy of records.
  - Representative of <u>all classifications</u> of employees on the project.
- The DOL may also independently conduct its own reviews
- The contract administrator will review payrolls/DB certified payroll forms and compare them to the interview information
- Interviews are confidential



### Project Payroll Reviews

- The contract administrator should compare the information on the interview forms to the corresponding payrolls and Certified Payroll Forms to ensure that:
  - Workers are properly listed on the payrolls for the days and hours worked on the job site
  - Work classification is correct and all work classifications on the project are reflected in the documentation
  - Rate of pay is correct and employees are paid no less than the wage rate/fringe listed on the Wage Determination used for the project
  - Payrolls are complete and signed
  - Proper signage is posted at the job site





#### COMMON ERRORS AND CORRECTIONS



#### Common Errors and Corrections

Davis Bacon Reporting Errors	Corresponding Corrections
Inadequate Payroll Information	If employer payroll is missing necessary information they will need to submit on the WH-347 form
Information Missing from WH-347	Employer must submit corrected form
Wage Rates	If wage rates/fringe are less than identified on the Wage Decision per work classification, the employer must pay wage restitution to all affected employees
Overtime	If employees were not paid at least time and one-half for any overtime hours worked the employers must pay restitution, may be liable for a \$10 per day per violation penalty and may be referred to the DOL for review
Deductions	If there are deduction violations HUD may refer the issue to the IRS



#### Common Errors and Corrections cont'd

Davis Bacon Reporting Errors	Corresponding Corrections
Fringe Benefits	If the wage decision contains fringe benefits but the payroll form does not indicate how fringe was paid (by either checking box 4a or 4b), the employer must submit a correction payroll and will be required to pay restitution if underpayments occurred.
Onsite Interview Comparisons	If there are discrepancies between the payroll reports and the interviews, employer must submit a corrected certified payroll report

\*\*\*Any changes to data on a submitted payroll report MUST BE submitted on a NEW certified correction payroll. In no case will a payroll report be returned to the contractor/employer for revision.



# Checkpoint Question #4



The Wage Determination sheet for a forklift driver states that they should be paid \$17.00 with \$2.50 of fringe per hour. Would it be sufficient to pay the forklift driver \$19.50 in lieu of traditional fringe?

- A. Yes
- B. No



# RESTITUTION FOR UNDERPAYMENT OF WAGES

## Restitution for Underpayment of Wages

- Prime contractor is responsible for the full compliance of all subcontractors and is accountable for:
  - Any wage restitution due to any laborer or mechanic who is underpaid and
  - For any liquidated damages that may be assessed for overtime violations
- Wage restitution must be:
  - Paid promptly
  - Paid in-full
  - Reported on a certified payroll report
- Contract Administrator should:
  - Notify the prime contractor/employer in writing of underpayments found during compliance review
  - Describe underpayments and provide instructions for computing and documenting restitution due
- The prime contractor/employer is allowed 30 days to correct the underpayments and is responsible for furnishing documentation of restitution



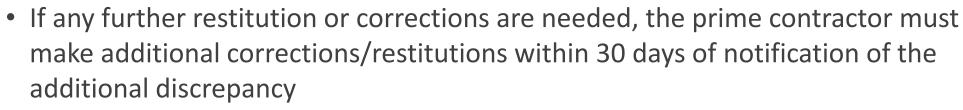
#### Computing Wage Restitution

- Wage restitution is the difference between the wage/fringe paid and the wage/fringe required on the wage decision for all hours worked during the affected reporting period(s)
- The difference in the rates are called the "adjustment rate"
- The adjustment rate times the number of hours involved equals the gross amount of restitution due



# Correction Certified Payroll

- Restitution is required to be reported on a correction certified payroll
- The correction certified payroll will:
  - Reflect time period for which restitution is due
  - List name and classification for each employee to whom restitution is due
  - List total work hours involved
  - Specify each adjustment wage rate
  - Specify gross amount of restitution due
  - Detail any deductions and the net amount of restitution actually paid
  - Include a properly signed Statement of Compliance









## RESOURCES

#### Resources

- A Contractor's Guide to Prevailing Wage Requirements for Federally –Assisted Construction Projects
  - HUD Exchange Making-Davis-Bacon-Work-Guide-States-Indian-Tribes-Local-Agencies.pdf All Documents (sharepoint.com)
- Making Davis Bacon Work A Practical Guide for States, Tribes and Local Agencies
  - HUD Exchange Making-Davis-Bacon-Work-Guide-States-Indian-Tribes-Local-Agencies.pdf
- Department of Labor Davis-Bacon and Related Acts
  - Davis-Bacon and Related Acts | U.S. Department of Labor (dol.gov)
- Davis-Bacon and Labor Standards and Related Forms
  - Labor Standards and Related Forms | HUD.gov / U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)
- State of South Carolina CDBG Implementation Manual
  - 2019-CDBG-Manual.pdf (cdbgsc.com)



# QUESTIONS?